

Nebraska Domestic Abuse Death Review Team

2024 Annual Report

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Domestic abuse, especially abuse that leads to death, is a terrible wrong. Fighting domestic abuse, giving voice to victims, and helping to prevent future abuse is one of the most worthwhile goals of our community.

We are proud to play a positive role in the fight against domestic violence, and the work of our office's Domestic Abuse Review Team is meant to achieve two primary functions. The first is to provide a voice for victims by learning their stories. And the second is to fight to reduce the incidence of abuse moving forward.

Our Coordinator gathers information from the family and friends of the victim to help identify trends and patterns in domestic violence deaths. Our multifaceted Team, which includes law enforcement, nurses, advocates, and mental health providers, helps review this information. This work, which funnels into the report before you, is designed to help inform policy-makers on solutions.

On behalf of our entire Team, I express my deep gratitude to those families of victims who have helped us in this work. We know that the participation of remaining family members can be deeply difficult. Revisiting a sorrowful loss and remembering and sharing responsively with our Team can be painful and emotionally difficult.

Thank you for your interest in this important fight.

Mike Hilgers

Nebraska Attorney General

Mike Hila

Introduction

In 2020 and 2021, Hailey Christensen and Brooke Koch were murdered by their partners in Nebraska. In the wake of their deaths, their families advocated for the passage of LB1009, which created the Domestic Abuse Death Review Act. Family members testified before the Judiciary Committee of the Nebraska Legislature and collaborated with Senator Tom Brandt, the Nebraska Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence, the Women's Fund of Omaha, and the Nebraska Attorney General's Office. The Act went into effect on July 21, 2022.

This year's Report from the Nebraska Domestic Abuse Death Review Team (DADRT) highlights work undertaken from July 21, 2022 to July 1, 2024. The Team represents one part of the State's efforts to address domestic abuse and improve the safety and lives of Nebraska residents.

DADRT Mission:

Comprised of a diverse group of professionals and survivors, we examine all domestic abuse deaths statewide. By examining the causes and contributing factors to these deaths, the Team will provide recommendations for public, private, community, and system improvements to enhance victim safety and prevent future domestic abuse fatalities.

DADRT Vision:

The Team envisions safe communities where public and private agencies, institutions, and systems work collaboratively to support survivors and ultimately reduce domestic abuse fatalities.

DADRT Guiding Principles:

- The Team focuses its work on honoring victims, families, and communities impacted by domestic violence.
- Reviews are conducted with respect, integrity, sensitivity, and compassion.
- The Team values survivor-led leadership.
- The Team refrains from making accusations of blame or fault-finding.

DADRT Timeline

July 24, 2020	Hailey Christensen was murdered by her partner in Norfolk, Nebraska.	
April 6, 2021	Brooke Koch was murdered by her former partner in Blue Springs, Nebraska.	
Jan-Dec 2022	Family members of Brooke and Hailey collaborated with Senator Tom Brandt, the Nebraska Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence, the Women's Fund of Omaha, and the Nebraska Attorney General's Office to pass the Domestic Abuse Death Review Act.	
July 21, 2022	The Domestic Abuse Death Review Act established the DADRT.	
Aug-Sept 2022	DADRT Coordinator was hired, team members recruited, and partnership began with the National Domestic Violence Fatality Review Initiative.	
Oct 25-26, 2022	Nebraska Attorney General's Office hosted <i>Domestic Violence</i> Fatality Review Training.	
Nov 2022- Jan 2023	DADRT created procedures for privacy, information sharing, record procurement, case tracking process, mission and vision, and review process. The Team gathered records for finalized cases. Coordinator traveled to observe the Montana Fatality Review Team.	
March 29, 2023	First DADRT Comprehensive Review was conducted.	
Feb 2024	Case data was compiled for ongoing statistics.	
Mar 25-26, 2024	Second DADRT Comprehensive Review was conducted.	
May 2024	DADRT began collaboration with the Nebraska Violent Death Reporting System team (NVDRS) in order to identify victim suicides.	

Case Selection and Review Process

Domestic Violence Fatalities Defined

The DADRT examines deaths that occur as a result of domestic violence. The Team may review deaths of the following four categories:

Current or	Third party to	Family or	Agency members
former	current/former	household	responding to
intimate	intimate	members	domestic
partners	partner		violence

Background

The DADRT collaborates and conducts a multidisciplinary analysis of the victims' experiences, perpetrator behaviors, and general circumstances surrounding domestic abuse deaths. Through the review process, the Team identifies contributing factors related to the decedents, perpetrators, and systems responsible for supporting, assisting, and protecting victims from domestic abuse. The collaborative efforts of the review process provide an opportunity to improve the State's response to address the needs of domestic violence victims. Domestic abuse cases are reviewed only after the criminal case has been finalized or a perpetrator's death occurs.

Each year, the Team conducts at least two comprehensive reviews and tracks records for all domestic abuse deaths in Nebraska. As more data is gathered, the Team will continue to gain insights to provide recommendations.

Voices for Victims

Throughout this report, the Team has included comments made by loved ones of victims during interviews conducted in the past two years. We hope that by including these statements, we can better convey the devastating loss domestic violence deaths cause.

Case Selection and Comprehensive Review

Most identified cases take over two years to finalize through the court system. After finalization, gathering relevant records for review takes at least six months, depending on the nature of the case.

A domestic abuse death occurs

Team Coordinator (TC) learns of domestic abuse death

TC determines if case meets DADRT statute

Criminal justice response to death is completed

TC gathers relevant records

DADRT determines case(s) for comprehensive review as a team

TC Distributes entire case file to Team

Interviews with relevant parties: family, friends, & case professionals

Team meets for comprehensive review in city of incident

Recommendations are made and compiled by TC

The Team reviews many different types of records beyond what is provided by law enforcement to get a complete picture of the victim's life and background.

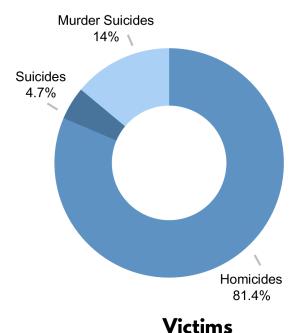
During the comprehensive review process, local professionals in the town where the incident occurred are invited to talk about their experiences with domestic violence, share their successes and barriers to success, and identify gaps in the system in serving victims and investigating cases. Team members consider this information when forming recommendations.

In 2023 and 2024, the Team also conducted 35 interviews with loved ones, friends, coworkers, and professionals involved with the victims.

Data from all cases is submitted in this annual report to the Governor, Legislature, and Attorney General.

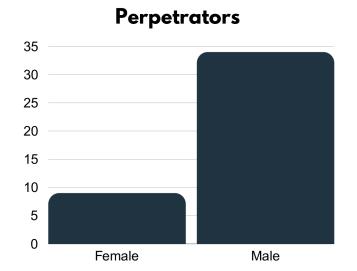
Confidentiality of victims of domestic violence remains at the forefront of the DADRT's focus. Providing detailed statistical information in this Report would identify victims and their families. Therefore, data is limited to July 21, 2022 - July 1, 2024.

43 Total Domestic Violence Deaths from July 21, 2022 to July 1, 2024



Suicides stemming from domestic violence are challenging due to the nature of investigations and the lack of a suspect being prosecuted. It may take years to identify these cases, often requiring collaboration with various agencies.

25 20 15 10 5 0 Female Male

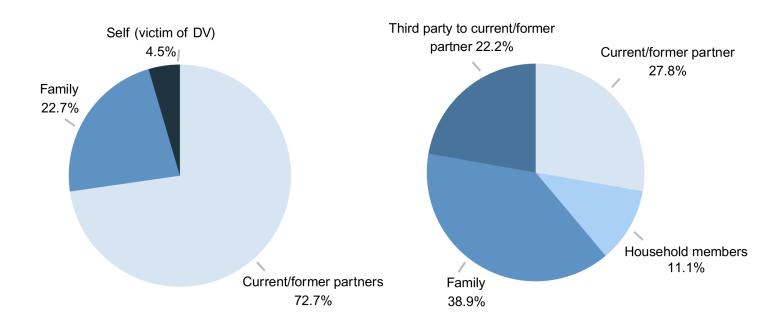


Voices for Victims

"She was a great person. She was always looking out for other people and never put herself first. If there was anything you needed, friend or stranger, she would do anything for that person."- Friend of Victim

Relationship between Victim & Perpetrator (Female Victims)

Relationship between Victim & Perpetrator (Male Victims)



In 51.2% of identified cases, there was a current or past intimate partner relationship between the perpetrator and victim. Nearly 39% of male victims had a family relationship with their perpetrator.

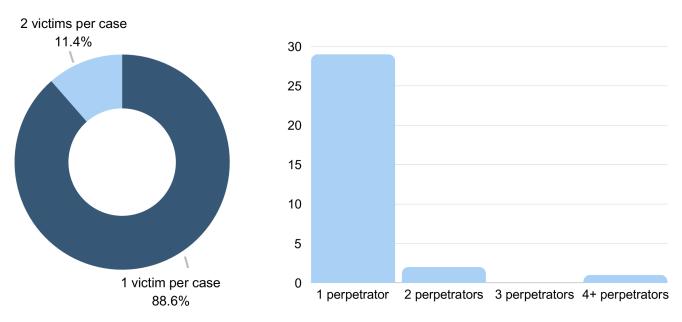
During the reporting period, there were no deaths of responding members of law enforcement agencies, emergency medical services, or other agencies responding to a domestic abuse incident.

Voices for Victims

"I knew he had to get out of this relationship, all of his other friends talked to him... and everyone tried to convince him."- Mother of Victim

"Imagine how I felt, I felt very powerless, I talked to them when I saw any bruising, but in this country, grandparents don't have as many rights, so I tried to keep it peaceful to keep seeing my grandkids."- Father of Victim

Number of Victims and Perpetrators Per Case

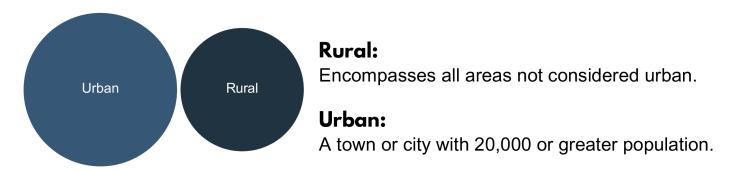


In most cases, there was only one victim killed and one perpetrator per case. During the reporting period, six murder-suicides occurred; one was a double murder-suicide. Males perpetrated 100% of the murder-suicides.



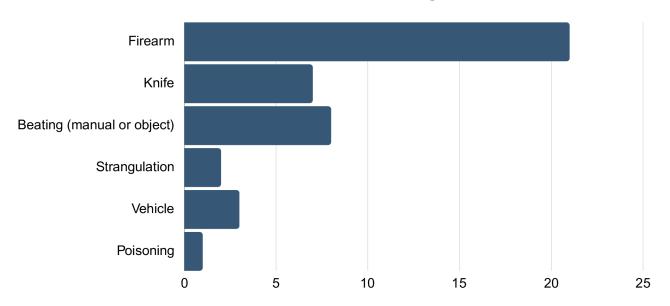
Victims were most often between 26-35 years old. Perpetrators were most often between 26-45 years old. There were no perpetrators under the age of 12.

Urban Verses Rural Deaths



Urban areas of Nebraska accounted for 60.8% of deaths occurred, in contrast to 39.2% of deaths occurring in rural areas of Nebraska.

Methods of Violence during Deaths



The most common methods of violence during deaths were firearm (50%), knife (16.6%), and beating (19%). Men used firearms more often as a method of violence, and women used knives more often as a method of violence.

Voices for Victims

"I went and picked up the guns from the house...It was a few days before she died that she came to get the guns, and I told her he was going to kill her with that weapon." - Father of Victim

Perpetrator History of Violence Toward or in Front of Children

In both cases comprehensively reviewed, the perpetrators had a history of child abuse and neglect reports for physical abuse toward their children and had involvement with Child Protective Services. Further case review is needed to assess if more can be done to identify these violent offenders before a death occurs.

In one case reviewed, the perpetrator had five child abuse and neglect reports made that included assaulting an intimate partner in front of the children and hitting and throwing children into the wall within the three years leading up to the murder.

In a murder-suicide case review where firearms were used, violence occurring toward or in front of children was evident based on family member reports and school reports. Multiple behavior reports from the school showed the child becoming aggressive at recess, using imaginary guns, drawing a picture of a man shooting another person on his spelling test, and being aggressive with other students. These learned behaviors may be an indicator that violence was present in the home.

Lack of Support for Loved Ones of Deceased Victims

After domestic violence deaths occur, ongoing support for children, family, and friends of the victims and perpetrators may be insufficient. The DADRT received feedback from friends and family members that while they were supported during the investigation and court process, that's where the support ended. Additional ongoing support may be warranted.

Voices for Victims

"There are no programs for my mom to heal, other than AA or NA. But that doesn't help with grief. Especially my poor mom, she was so beside herself, she didn't know what to do. The detectives were so great keeping her in the loop, but the loop was few and far between because of the actual time between the murder and sentencing." - Family Member of Victim

Lethality Assessments

The DADRT identified inconsistency across the state on the use of lethality assessments across disciplines, which can result in a lack of identification of victims with a high risk of lethality. In one case reviewed, several agencies in contact with the victim did not complete lethality assessments. However, the victim was very hesitant to disclose their domestic violence experiences, making it unclear whether a lethality assessment could have been effective at identifying potential danger.

The DADRT will monitor if lethality assessments are utilized in cases reviewed and their effectiveness and lack of use. The creation and implementation of a universal lethality assessment across disciplines in Nebraska may be a step toward protecting victims, but further data is needed about the use or lack of use of lethality assessments. When creating a universal tool across disciplines, it is essential to consider victim safety and information protection.

The DADRT will survey statewide agencies that serve victims and investigate domestic violence on the use of lethality assessments, as well as their feedback on the use of these tools.

Education for Family Members and Friends of Victims

In both cases reviewed, friends and family of the victim and perpetrator were aware of past, current, and escalating violence. They had attempted to discuss concerns with the victim or perpetrator. Family members reported not knowing what more they could do to protect or assist the victims and their children.

Voices for Victims

"Many times I told her to split with him. I always told them that you're always supposed to have family united, but there are times that you can't have that unity and you can't have the family." - Father of Victim

Firearms

Fifty percent of domestic abuse deaths occurred by the use of a firearm. In the two cases comprehensively reviewed, both firearms were acquired and possessed legally. The DADRT would like to continue to monitor the acquirement, possession, and surrender of firearms by offenders in these cases.

Special attention will be paid to cases where offenders were convicted of a violent crime and unable to possess firearms and where offenders are issued a protection order and required to surrender firearms. Evaluation of firearm surrender and the resources needed in order to ensure surrender is needed.

Legal Services for Victims

In cases comprehensively reviewed, victims experienced challenges securing funds to hire legal representation, difficulty understanding legal processes and language, experienced language barriers or were not aware of legal protections available to them. We will continue to monitor challenges to legal services for victims as more cases are reviewed.

Victim Suicide

Only one victim suicide was identified during the reporting period. Based on national data, we expect additional victim suicides exist as a result of domestic violence, but these are difficult to identify.

The DADRT is currently working with the Nebraska Violent Death Reporting System (NVDRS) in order to better identify and track victim suicides and other domestic abuse deaths. We expect the number of identified victim suicides to increase over the next one to two years as a result of this collaboration.

The DADRT will monitor victim suicides to account for perpetrators staging homicide scenes as victim suicides. Investigators may benefit from additional training to identify cases of homicides staged as suicides.

Looking Forward

- Over the next year, the DADRT will seek to complete at least two comprehensive reviews and gather data on at least ten additional cases.
- The DADRT will undertake specialized training on Nebraska protection orders and firearm laws pertaining to procurement, licensing, and surrender.
- The DADRT will survey statewide agencies that serve victims and investigate domestic violence on the use of lethality assessments, as well as their feedback on the use of these tools.
- The DADRT will examine the availability, effectiveness, and reach of current statewide support services for loved ones of domestic abuse homicide and suicide victims.
- The DADRT will continue to collaborate with the NVDRS to improve identification of domestic abuse deaths.
- The DADRT will survey nationwide policy and training regarding victim homicides staged as victim suicides and evaluate Nebraska's needs.

Closing

The Nebraska Domestic Abuse Death Review Team strives to reduce domestic abuse deaths and improve support for domestic abuse victims in Nebraska. As we reflect on the last two years, we want to remember and honor all who have lost their lives to domestic abuse. We anticipate this Report and future reports may influence future policy and procedure changes.

DADRT Members

Nebraska Attorney General's Office

Anne Boatright, MSN, RN SANE-A FAAN State Forensic Nursing Coordinator

Amy Cirian, LMHP DADRT Coordinator

Macy Meyer Victim/Witness Coordinator

George Welch Assistant Attorney General

Law Enforcement

Lieutenant Brent Bockstadter Nebraska State Patrol

Investigator Brandi Bruns Scottsbluff Police Department

Captain Jeremy Christensen Omaha Police Department

Jon Sundermeier Lincoln Police Department Retired

Sergeant Paul Koerner Buffalo County Sheriff's Office

Advocacy

Hilary Wasserburger Executive Director The DOVES Program

Jamie Vetter Executive Director Family Advocacy Network

Leah Droge Executive Director Friendship Home 2023-2024 DADRT Member

Christon MacTaggart
Executive Director
Nebraska Coalition to End
Sexual Assault and Domestic
Violence

Jane Cogan Program Director Friendship Home 2022-2023 DADRT Member

Ellen Reilly, PLMHP
Assistant Vice President
Trafficking and Violence Prevention
Nebraska Children and Families
Foundation

Kirby Williams, MS Tribal Representative

DADRT Members

Healthcare Professionals

Allyson Headrick, LCSW, Licensed Mental Health Professional

Dr. Erin Linde Forensic Pathologist Physicians Laboratory Services

Roger Robinson Deputy Director Programs and Services DHHS

2022-2023 DADRT Member

Remonte Green, MPA Service Area Administrator DHHS 2023-2024 DADRT Member

Survivor Leaders

Candi Jones

Tia Manning MS, LMHP, PLC, LADC

Amber Harper

Prosecution and Probation

Mike Nehe Domestic Violence Specialist Administrative Office of the Courts and Probation

Ashley Bohnet Deputy Lancaster County Attorney

Appointment

Team members are appointed according to the requirements in <u>Nebraska</u> Revised Statute 71-3416.

A Special Thanks To:

The Nebraska Domestic Abuse Death Review Team wishes to thank all of the criminal justice and community service professionals across the State of Nebraska who assisted with the record collection necessary for conducting effective case reviews. We also wish to thank the Arizona State University Family Violence Center for their initial and ongoing assistance, support, and training as the Nebraska Domestic Abuse Death Review Team was created and as it continues to develop and grow.