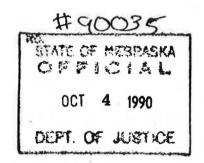
STATE OF NEBRASKA . STATE CAPITOL TELEPHONE 402/471-2682 • FAX 402/471-3297 • LINCOLN, NEBRASKA 68509-8920



ROBERT M. SPIRE Attorney General A. EUGENE CRUMP Deputy Attorney General

Linda willard

DATE: October 3, 1990

Public Examination of Applications for Absentee SUBJECT: Ballots

Allen J. Beermann, Secretary of State **REQUESTED BY:** 

WRITTEN BY: Robert M. Spire, Attorney General Bernard L. Packett, Assistant Attorney General

This is in response to your inquiry concerning provisions of the election law in relation to the laws dealing with examination of public records.

In particular you ask if applications for absentee ballots are a matter of public record and open for examination, and if so for what period of time.

With regard to the examination of public records § 84-712 R.R.S. (Reissue 1987) provides:

Except as otherwise expressly provided by statute, all citizens of this state, and all other persons interested in the examination of the public records, as defined in section 84-712.01, are hereby fully empowered and authorized to examine the same, and to make memoranda and abstracts therefrom, all free of charge, during the hours the respective offices may be kept open for the ordinary transaction of business.

Neb.Rev.Stat. § 84-712.01 then provides that public records "shall include all records and documents, regardless of physical form, of or belonging to this state, any county, city, village, political subdivision, \* \* \* or any \* \* \* commission, council, subunit or committee and any of the foregoing at

Elaine A. Catlin Wynn Clemmer Delores N. Coe-Barbee Dale A. Comer David Edward Cygan Lynne R. Fritz Denise E. Frost

Royce N. Harper William L. Howland Marilyn B. Hutchinson Donald E. Hyde Kimberly A. Klein Donald A. Kohtz

Charles E. Lowe Lisa D. Martin-Price Lynn A. Melson Steven J. Moeller Harold I. Mosher Fredrick F. Neid

Marie C. Pawol Kenneth W. Payne Douglas J. Peterson LeRoy W. Sievers James H. Spears Mark D. Starr

\* John R. Thompson Susan M. Ugai Barry Waid Terri M. Weeks Alfonza Whitaker Melanie J. Whittamore-Mantzios Linda L. Willard

Allen J. Beermann, Secretary of State October 3, 1990 Page -2-

It seems quite clear from the above that applications for absentee ballots presented to a county clerk or election commission are indeed public records, and open to examination. The question remains for what period of time.

Section 32-499 R.R.S. (Reissue 1988) provides that following the balloting, and upon completion of the canvass of votes, "all books shall again be sealed AND TOGETHER WITH ALL APPLICATIONS, election supplies, absentee ballots, "etc." \* \* \* shall be deposited in the office of the county clerk or election commissioner, where they shall be safely kept for not less than 50 days. \* \* \*."

Section 32-499 then provides that the items referred to may not be inspected, "unless in case of contested elections, or the items become necessary to be used in evidence in the courts \* \* \* at the end of which time THE SAME SHALL BE DESTROYED under the supervision of the county clerk or election commission." (Emphasis supplied).

From our examination of the above provisions of the Election and Public Records law, it is our conclusion that applications for absentee ballots are public records and as such are open to examination until, following the canvass of votes cast, they are deposited in the office of the county clerk or election commissioner for safe keeping. Furthermore, unless there is a contested election, or the items become necessary to be used in court, they must be destroyed fifty days later, without being subject to further examination.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT M. SPIRE Attorney General

Bernard L. Packett Assistant Attorney General

Approved By:

Attorney General

Accorney Genera

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